File number: 2022.0043.CZ

ESTABLISHMENT OF FOUNDATION

(Equal Justice Equal Pay Foundation)

Today, May 5, 2022, appearing before me, Cornells Gijsbert ————————————————————————————————————
Zijerveld, notary in Utrecht:
Mr. Kornelis Johannis van Ast, residing at (4125 RD) Hoef en Haag, Notarisa ppelpad
9, born in Zonnemaire on April 10, nineteen hundred and fifty, whose identity has been
established on the basis of — a passport with number NMLHDB8B6, issued in Soest on
May 31 — two thousand seventeen, married, hereinafter referred to as: the founder.
The founder hereby declares to establish a foundation and to designate the
to adopt the following articles of association:
STATUTES.
<u>Definitions</u> .
Article 1.
1.1. In these articles of association, the following terms written with a capital letter have the following meanings:
terms have the following meanings:
Claims: —
complaints, claims, and demands by Seafarers and/or former Seafarers relating to
alleged damage suffered by them — or to be suffered by them as a result of,
among other things, unlawful and/or improper acts or omissions, or breach of
contractual, legal, or other obligations by (i) one or more Shipping Companies;
and/or (ii) third parties.
parties, due to their involvement (whether or not through omission) in the acts that
are the subject of the Foundation's investigation, including exploitation-and
discrimination;
Participants:
Seafarers and former Seafarers who have registered in writing
registered with the Foundation for the purpose of a Claim on their behalf or jointly

on their behalf . Court				
of Appeal:				
the Court of Appeal in Amsterdam, the				
Netherlands. Party:				
a party to one of the Claims and/or Settlement Agreements. Shipping				
Company:				
a natural person or legal entity, a service, or other body that, alone or				
together with others:				
a. directly or indirectly owns or co-owns a ship;				
b. has taken over responsibility for the operation of the ship from the ——				
owner of the ship and, by assuming this responsibility, has agreed to				
assume all associated duties and responsibilities, such as the				
manager, the agent, and/or the bareboat charterer;				
c. all respective parent companies, legal successors, legal ———				
predecessors, affiliated companies, divisions, business units,				
subsidiaries, and entities in which (one of) the				
(legal) persons referred to under a or b have control or who —				
have control over (one of) them.				
Foundation:				
Equal Justice Equal Pay Foundation.				
Settlement agreement:				
a settlement agreement entered into by the Foundation with one or more ——				
Shipping Companies and/or third parties, to settle one or more Claims. —				
Seafarer:				
a natural person who is employed or engaged in any capacity on board a				
seagoing vessel, other than a ship — for military or non-commercial purposes.				
Control:				
an interest in an entity where that interest is sufficient to enable the holder of—				
that interest, directly or indirectly, to influence the policy and management				
of the entity				



	by holding voting shares, by agreement, or otherwise.					
1.2.	2. Unless the contrary is apparent or the context clearly indicates otherwise, —					
	refere	nces to a term or word in the singular also include the plural form				
	of that term or word, and vice versa.					
Name	and re	gist ered office.				
Article	<u> 2</u> . —					
2.1.	The F	oundation bears the name: Stichting Equal Justice Equal Pay.———				
2.2.	It has	its registered office in the municipality of Amsterdam,				
the N	etherlar	nds. <u>Purpose and means.</u>				
Article	<u>3</u> . —					
3.1.	The F	oundation's purpose is:				
	a.	representing the interests of Seafarers and former Seafarers who (may)-				
		suffer damage, are at risk of suffering damage, and/or (may) have				
		suffered damage as a result of acts or omissions by one or more Shipping				
		Companies and/or third parties that give rise to a Claim;				
	b.	investigating and determining the unlawfulness and direct or indirect				
		liability for the aforementioned Claims and all resulting ——				
		consequences with regard to the conduct referred to in Article				
		3.1(a) above;				
	C.	representing the interests of Seafarers and former Seafarers in				
		connection with a Settlement Agreement for which — a declaration of				
		binding force is requested from the Court of Appeal				
		pursuant to the Mass Claims Settlement in Collective Action Act				
		(Wamca) and/or the Mass Claims Settlement Act (WCAM);				
	d.	obtaining and distributing full or partial back pay and emoluments				
		and/or financial compensation for the damage that Seafarers and/or				
		former Seafarers claim to have suffered				

		have suffered, all with due observance of a settlement agreement; ———
	e.	performing all activities related to the provisions of Article 3.1(a) to
		(d), or that may be useful in this regard, all in the broadest sense of ——
		the word.
3.2.	The F	Foundation seeks to achieve this objective by, among other things:
	a.	conducting research and gathering information about impending
		and pending proceedings—regardless of jurisdiction—against one or ———
		more Shipping Companies and/or third parties with regard to a
		potential Claim;
	b.	providing information and education to Seafarers and former Seafarers ——
		for whom it advocates pursuant to Article 3.1, as well as all other ——
		activities related to advocacy; ————
	C.	offering Seafarers and former Seafarers the opportunity to join the
		Foundation as Participants; ——
	d.	initiating legal proceedings, complaint procedures, and
		initiating enforcement by relevant supervisory authorities, for ———
		individual Seafarers and former Seafarers, and initiating proceedings
		as referred to in Article 305a of Book 3 of the Civil Code and Article
		240 of Book 6 of the Civil Code, as well as initiating other legal
		proceedings (such as claiming declarations of law);
	e.	conducting negotiations with one or more Shipping Companies and/or third
		parties on behalf of the Participants and other Seafarers or former
		Seafarers, or at least on behalf of some of them;
	f.	the collection of claims pursuant to orders, powers of attorney,
		and/or representation of Participants and other Seafarers and ————

		former Seatarers; ————————————————————————————————————
	g.	conducting and maintaining media contacts in its own name and on
	9.	behalf of Participants and other Seafarers and former Seafarers
		regarding a Claim or potential Claim;
	h.	the (joint) submission of a request under the Mass Claims
	•••	Settlement Act in collective action (Wamca) and/or the Collective
		Mass Damage Settlement Act (WCAM) to the Court of Appeal in
		order to declare one or more Settlement Agreements binding, and
		doing everything in its power to have one or more Settlement
		Agreements declared binding,
		including responding to statements of defense submitted during the
		proceedings before the Court of Appeal, as well as instituting other-lega
		proceedings if necessary;
	i.	entering into such agreements as necessary and/or useful — for the
	1.	implementation of one or more Settlement Agreements and/or a ruling—
		that declares one or more Settlement Agreements binding;
	i	performing all acts related to the foregoing or that may be useful in
	j.	
2 2	The	connection therewith, all in the broadest sense of the word.
3.3.		Foundation is a non-profit organization. Profit-making is not understood
		ean the market-based compensation received or stipulated by the
		dation for costs incurred or services provided, including any reasonable
		narge for the purpose of collective representation of interests, now or in
		uture, and costs for the use of equity or loan capital.
3.4.		er a natural person nor a legal entity may dispose of the Foundation's
		ts and income, in whole or in part, as if they were their own assets and —
	incor	
Asset		
4.1.	The a	assets of the Foundation consist of:

	a.	income from the Foundation's activities;			
	b.	subsidies and donati ons;			
	C.	proceeds from inheritances and legacies, on the understanding that			
		inheritances can only be accepted subject to the right of inventory;			
	d.	other income.			
4.2.	The F	Foundation may enter into an agreement with a solid external ————			
	financ	ier for the purpose of financing its statutory activities.			
	The b	oard ensures that individual directors and members of			
	the su	pervisory board, as well as the lawyer or other service providers engaged by			
	the Fo	oundation, are independent of the external financier and the natural or legal			
	perso	ns directly or indirectly affiliated with it, and that the external financier and			
	the na	atural or legal persons directly or indirectly affiliated with it are independent			
	of the	opposing party in the collective action.			
	The agreement provides for a scheme that guarantees the autonomy and				
	indep	endence referred to in the previous sentence.			
	The board shall ensure that the financing conditions (including the amount and				
	syster	n of the remuneration to be agreed) are not reasonably contrary to the			
	collec	tive interests of the persons			
	on whose behalf the Foundation acts pursuant to Article 3.				
<u>Board</u>	: comp	osition, appointment, and dismissal.			
Article	<u>5</u> . —				
5.1.	The Foundation has a board consisting of a number of at least three (3) natural				
	persons to be determined by the supervisory board. A ———				
	Incomplete boards retain their powers. Vacancies shall be filled as soon as——				
	possil	ole. ————————————————————————————————————			
5.2.	The board is composed in such a way that				
	a.	that the directors are independent and able to operate critically in relation			
		to each other, the supervisory board, any external financier, and the———			
		Participants.			

		critical	IV;		
	b.	that i	has the expertise necessary to adequately represent the		
	C. with	interests described in Article 3.			
			the following applies:		
	a.		st one director has the experience and legal expertise necessary to		
		adequ	ately represent the interests described in Article 3;		
	b.	thatat l	east one director has the e xperience and financial expertise		
		neces	sary to adequately represent the interests described in Article 3.		
5.3.			shall be appointed by the supervisory board, with due observance of s of Article 5.2,		
	by the	super	visory board, on the understanding that:		
	a.	the sp	ouse, registered partner, and/or blood relative ——		
		relativ	es up to and including the second degree of:		
		i.	a director;		
		ii.	a member of the supervisory board; or		
		iii.	a person affiliated with any external		
			financier, —		
		canno	t be appointed as a director;		
	b.		ctor must behave in accordance with Principle IV of the Claim		
			regarding independence and avoidance of conflicts of interest, if and		
			r as the Claim Code applies to the Foundation and its activities.		
	For th		ses of this Article 5.3, spouse also means		
			•		
			d person with whom the person referred to under a, under i		
	-		zed cohabitation agreement has been entered into, or with whom he		
			gistered at the same residential address in the Personal Records		
			an equivalent foreign register.		
	Princi	pal or s	econdary functions of directors that compromise their		
	independence must be avoided.				
5.4.	The b	oard ap	points a chairperson, a secretary, and a		

		urer from among its members, or a secretary-treasurer in place of ———————————————————————————————————			
5.5.	Directors are appointed for a maximum term of four years and ——				
	retire	retire in accordance with a retirement schedule to be determined by the board; —			
	a dir	ector retiring in accordance with the schedule is immediately and —			
	reapp	pointable without restriction.			
5.6.	If a	director has been dismissed, that person may not be reappointed as a			
	direct	director, except for a reappointment as referred to in Article 5.5.			
5.7.	A dire	ector may be suspended or dismissed by the supervisory board at any time.			
	A sus	pension that is not followed by a decision to dismiss within three months			
	shall	end upon the expiry of that period.			
	term.				
5.8.	A director ceases to hold office:				
	a.	upon his or her death;			
	b.	because he no longer complies with the provisions of Article 5.2 and/or —			
		Article 5.3;			
	C.	because he is declared bankrupt, applies for a moratorium on payments			
		— or requests the application of the debt restructuring scheme as—			
		referred to in the Bankruptcy Act, or a similar			
		statutory arrangement under foreign law that applies to the			
		the director in question;			
	d.	because he has been placed under guardianship or because he has otherwise lost the free			
		control over his or her assets;			
	e.	due to his or her voluntary resignation, whether or not in accordance with the schedule referred to in Article			
		5.5;			
	f.	by accepting an appointment as a member of the supervisory ——			
		board; —————			
	g.	by his or her resignation, granted by the court and/or			
		Court of Appeal in the cases provided for by law.			
5.9.	A decision to suspend or dismiss as referred to in Article 5.7 does not require —				

	at leas	st two-thirds of the votes cast at a meeting of the supervisory board at ——			
	which	at least two-thirds of the members of the supervisory board are present			
	or rep	resented. If at least two-thirds of the members of the supervisory board			
	are no	ot present or represented at a meeting of the supervisory board, a			
	secon	d meeting shall be convened, to be held no earlier than two and no later_			
	than f	our weeks after the first meeting, at which second meeting a legally			
	valid o	decision on this suspension or dismissal may be taken by a majority <u>of at</u>			
	least t	wo-thirds of the			
	votes	cast, provided that at least half of the members of the supervisory board are			
	prese	nt or represented at this meeting. The notice convening the second meeting			
	must s	state that and why a decision on this suspension or dismissal may be			
	taken	at a meeting at which only half of the members of the supervisory board			
	need	to be present or represented.			
5.10.	In the event of the absence or incapacity of one or more directors, the				
	mana	gement shall temporarily rest with the remaining directors. In the event —			
	of the	absence or incapacity of all directors or the sole director, the			
	mana	gement shall temporarily rest with one or more persons designated			
	annua	ally by the management for this situation.			
Board	duties	and powers. Article 6.			
6.1.	Th e b	oard is responsible for managing the Foundation.			
6.2.	The b	oard is authorized to decide on all matters relating to the			
	mana	gement of the Foundation, in particular to:			
	a.	initiate legal proceedings;			
	b.	engage legal assistance; ——————			
	C.	appoint an external auditor to audit the books and engage such			
		expertise as the board deems reasonably necessary to perform its			
		duties in accordance with these articles of association;			

	d.	take out directors' and officers' liability insurance;			
	e.	enter into settlement agreements; ————————————————————————————————————			
	f.	to submit a request pursuant to the Mass Claims Settlement Act — in			
		collective action (Wamca) and/or the Mass Claims Settlement Act ——			
		(WCAM) to the Court of Appeal to declare one or more Settlement			
		Agreements binding and to perform all acts in connection with this			
		request; and			
	g.	selecting and appointing a claims administrator who will act on			
		behalf of the Foundation, but only after the other Parties have ———			
		approved the proposed agreement between the Foundation and the			
		claims administrator.			
6.3.	The board requires the prior written approval of the supervisory board before the				
	board	:			
	a.	takes a decision as referred to in Article 6.2(a) to (f), Article 7.2,			
		Article 24.1, and Article 25.1;			
	b.	takes a decision to conduct and/or break off			
		negotiations within the framework of the statutory			
		objective.			
	The supervisory board is authorized to subject decisions of the board other than				
	those referred to in this Article 6.3 to its prior written approval. Such decisions				
	must be clearly described and communicated to the board in writing. ———				
6.4.	The board shall investigate the support among the Participants in any case				
	when	entering into a Settlement Agreement.			
6.5.	The board is not authorized to decide to enter into agreements for the				
	acquis	sition, disposal, or encumbrance of registered property, or to enter			
	into agreements whereby the Foundation acts as guarantor or joint and				
	several co-debtor, acts as a third-party guarantor, or acts as security for a				
	debt of another party.				
	a third party or to provide security for a debt of another party.				
6.6.	In performing their duties, the board and each director shall act in the				
	interests of the Foundation and the organizations affiliated with the				
	Found	dation			

	organization, including the interests of the Participants and
	other Seafarers and former Seafarers.
6.7.	The supervisory board may grant one or more directors remuneration that
0.7.	is reasonably proportionate to the nature and intensity of their work. This
	remuneration may be set at zero by the supervisory board if the Foundation's
	resources so require. All directors are entitled to reimbursement of
	reasonable expenses incurred by them in the performance of their duties.
6.8.	Directors shall not perform any remunerated work for the Foundation that does
	not arise from their management duties. Directors shall not accept any
	remuneration for their work from any party other than the Foundation (or on
	behalf of the Foundation) or the party that nominated them as director.
	nominated as a director.
6.9.	All remuneration agreed with directors is included as such, with an
	explanation, in the Foundation's annual reports. If the remuneration is
	related to the number of time units spent by a director on those activities, ——
	that number is stated in the notes.
6.10.	The Foundation publishes the main points of its remuneration ————————————————————————————————————
	policy for its directors on its website.
Comp	liance with the Claim Code.
Article	e 7. ———————————————————————————————————
7.1.	The board is responsible for ensuring compliance with the Claims Code, if and
	insofar as the Claims Code applies to the Foundation and its activities. Any
	decision by the board to deviate from the Claims Code requires the prior———
	written approval of the supervisory board.
7.2.	Each year, after written approval by the supervisory board, the board of
	directors shall adopt a governance document as referred to in Elaboration 1 ——
	to Principle I of the Claim Code, if and insofar as the Claim Code applies
	to the Foundation and its activities.
7.3.	The governance document as referred to in Article 7.2 will be published on the
	Foundation's website after adoption.

	the Foundation's website. Board: notices of
meetir	ngs. Article 8.
8.1.	Meetings of the board shall be held as often as the chairperson or the other
	two directors jointly convene a meeting, but at least twice a year.
8.2.	Meetings of the board shall be convened in writing by the person or ————
	persons referred to in Article 8.1, or on their behalf by the secretary, at
	least seven days in advance, stating the items to be discussed. A board———
	member
	may be convened by means of a reproducible message sent electronically to the
	address provided by him or her for this purpose.
8.3.	The meetings of the board shall be held by telephone or videoconference or ——
	at any physical location in the Netherlands, to be determined by the
	person who convened or called the meeting.
8.4.	If the provisions of Article 8.2 and/or Article 8.3 have been violated, — the board
	may nevertheless take legally valid decisions if the meeting is quorate and
	none of the directors objects to the decision being taken, or — if the meeting is
	not quorate — if — the directors who are absent from the meeting have given
	their consent to the decision before the time of the
	meeting have declared in writing that they do not oppose the decision-
	making. In the latter case, the provisions of Article 11.4, first
	sentence, shall apply without prejudice. The requirement that the statement be in
	writing shall be met if the statement is recorded electronically.
Board:	: admission to meetings. Article 9.
9.1.	The directors and those invited by the chairperson or by the other two
	directors have access to the meetings of the board.
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9.2.	A director is authorized to be represented at a meeting by a fellow director. The				
	power of attorney for this purpose must be granted in writing. The requirement—				
	that the power of attorney be in writing is satisfied if the power of attorney is				
	recorded electronically. The power of attorney for representation is not				
	exclusive. A director may only represent one fellow director at the meeting				
9.3.	A director is authorized to participate in a meeting by means of electronic				
	communication, including but not limited to a (video) telephone, provided that				
	this director can be identified via the electronic communication, can directly				
	follow the proceedings of the meeting, and				
	can participate in the deliberations and voting. The director is then deemed to be				
	present at this meeting.				
Manag	gement: leadership of the company.				
<u>Article</u>	<u>: 10</u> .				
The c	hair of the board chairs the board meetings. In his absence, the meeting itself				
provid	les its own chair. Until that moment, the chairmanship is assumed by the director				
prese	nt at the meeting who has served as such for the longest period of time.				
Board	: decision-making in meetings. Article				
<u>11</u> .					
11.1.	The chair of the meeting determines the manner in which votes are taken at				
	the meeting, on the understanding that, at the request of a board member, ——				
	votes on persons shall be taken in writing.				
11.2.	Unless a larger majority is prescribed in these articles of association, all				
	decisions of the board shall be taken by an absolute majority of the votes cast.				
11.3.	Each director is entitled to cast one vote. Blank votes are deemed not to have				
	been cast. In the event of a tie, the proposal is rejected.				
11.4.	The following applies to the decision making of the beard:				

	a.	if there are vacancies on the board, the board may only take valid			
		decisions at a meeting at which all directors are present or represented;			
	b.	if the board is complete, the board can only take valid decisions in a ——			
		meeting in which at least half of the directors are present or ——			
		represented,			
	unless	these articles of association pro vide otherwise.			
	If less	than half of the directors are present or represented at a meeting, a			
	secon	d meeting shall be convened, to be held no earlier than two and no			
	later th	nan four weeks after the first meeting, at which second meeting, ———			
	regard	lless of the number of directors present or represented, a legally valid			
	decisi	on may be taken on the items that were placed on the agenda at the			
	first m	eeting but on which no decision could be taken at that meeting due to			
	the lac	ck of a quorum. The notice convening the second meeting must state			
	that ar	nd why a decision can be taken regardless of the number of directors			
	preser	nt or represented at the meeting.			
11.5.	The decision made by the chairperson of the meeting regarding the outcome of				
	a vote	is final. The same applies to the content of a decision taken, insofar as			
	the vote was on				
	a prop	oosal that was not recorded in writing. If the accuracy of the			
	chairperson's ruling is disputed immediately after it has been announced, a —				
	new vote shall be taken if the majority of the meeting or, if the original vote				
	was not taken by roll call or in writing, a person present who is entitled to vote				
	so requests.				
	this ne	w vote, the legal consequences of the original vote shall lapse.			
<u>Board</u>	: decisi	on-ma king outside meetings.			
Article	<u> 12.</u> —				
All de	cisions	of the board may also be taken in a manner other than in a meeting.			

be taken, provided that all directors are given the opportunity to express their ——				
opinion and they have all declared in writing that they do not object to this method ——				
of decision-making. A decision is then taken as soon as the required majority of all				
directors has declared in writing that it is in favor of the proposal. The term "in				
writing" also includes a message sent electronically and that can be reproduced. A				
document signed by the secretary or the chairperson shall be drawn up for any				
decision taken outside a meeting.				
Board: conflict of interest.				
Article 13.				
13.1. A director shall not participate in the deliberations and shall abstain from voting				
on a board decision if he or she has a direct or indirect interest in the subject				
matter of the board decision that conflicts with				
the interests of the Foundation. The director does have the right to attend				
the relevant board meeting, on the understanding that he or she is not				
counted in determining the				
number of directors present or represented in relation to the relevant management				
decision.				
13.2. If, on the basis of the provisions of the first sentence of Article 13.1, no				
director is able to participate in the decision-making process, the decision ——				
shall be taken by the supervisory board.				
13.3. The Foundation shall not enter into agreements with persons or entities in				
which a director or member of the supervisory board—whether or not ———				
through close relatives as referred to in Article 5.3 and/or Article 17.4—is				
involved in the capacity of director, founder, shareholder, supervisor,				
partner, associate, or employee.				
The foregoing does not apply to remuneration paid to a private limited				
company or other legal entity of a director or member of the supervisory———				
board for the performance of his or her duties on behalf of the Foundation. —				
Board: minutes of the meeting.				

Article	<u>14</u> . —				
Minute	es of th	e proceedings of the board meetings shall be drawn up by the			
secret	ecretary or by a person appointed for that purpose by the chair of the meeting.				
The m	ninutes	shall be adopted at the same or the next meeting and shall be signed———			
by the	chairp	erson and the minute-taker of that meeting as evidence thereof. The			
minute	es and	the documents referred to in Article 12 shall be sent to each director.			
Board	: repres	sentation. Article 15.			
15.1.	The bo	pard represents the Foundation.			
15.2.	The po	ower of representation is shared by two			
	directo	ors jointly.			
15.3.	The b	oard may decide to grant power of attorney to one or more directors, as			
	well as	s to third parties, to represent the Foundation within the limits of that power			
	of atto	orney.			
Super	visory E	Board. ————————————————————————————————————			
Article	<u>: 16</u> . —				
16.1.	The Foundation shall have a supervisory board if this is established by —				
	A decision to that effect by the board and one or more members of the				
	supervisory board shall be registered in the commercial register.				
	If the provisions of this Article 16.1 have been implemented, the provisions of				
	Article 17 et seq. shall apply.				
16.2.	As long as no supervisory board has been established pursuant to the provisions of Article 16.1				
	the following shall apply:				
	a.	the rights and obligations assigned to the supervisory board in			
		these articles of association shall, as far as possible, be assigned ———			
		to the board of directors;			
	b.	With regard to the dismissal of a director by the board pursuant to			
		Article 5.7 in conjunction with Article 16.2(a): the director whose			
		dismissal is under consideration has the right to attend the relevant meeting			
		or meetings of the board and to speak there.			

		He or she shall not be counted in determining the number of			
		directors present or represented and shall have			
		nor shall he or she be entitled to vote on the matter of his or her scheduled			
		resignation. However, the previous sentence shall not apply if the board -			
		consists of only two directors at that time;			
	C.	notwithstanding the provisions of Article 13.2: if, on the basis of the			
		provisions of the first sentence of Article 13.1, no director is able to			
		participate in the decision-making process, the person(s) with the			
		interest shall nevertheless participate in the deliberations.			
		and the vote. In that case, an extract from the minutes as referred to in			
		Article 14 or the report as referred to in Article 12, in which the interest is-			
		mentioned, shall be attached to the statement of income and expenditure			
		for the financial year in which the decision was taken.			
Super	visory E	Board: composition, appointment, and resignation.			
<u>Article</u>	<u> 17</u> . –				
17.1.	Super	vision of the policy and strategy of the board and of the general———			
	affairs	of the Foundation is entrusted to a supervisory board, provided that it			
	is esta	ablished in accordance with the provisions of Article 16.1.			
		upervisory board advises the board of directors. In the performance of its—, the supervisory board is assisted by an audit committee.			
	In per	forming their duties, the members of the supervisory board shall act in the			
	interes	sts of the Foundation and the organization affiliated with the Foundation.			
17.2.	The s	upervisory board consists of a number of at least three (3) and at			
	most f	five (5) natural persons to be determined by the supervisory board,			
	of who	om at most one (1) is appointed on the recommendation of a potential			
	financ	ier. ————————————————————————————————————			
	A supe	ervisory board that is not complete retains its powers. Any vacan cies			
	that a	rise will be filled as soon as possible.			
17.3.	The su	upervisory board is composed in such a way that the members of			
	the su	pervisory board can operate independently and critically in relation ——			
	to eac	h other, the board, and the interests represented by the Foundation.			

	. Furth	rthermore: ———			
	a.	that a	t least one member of the supervisory board has the specific		
		experi	ience and legal expertise necessary to adequately represent ——		
		the int	erests described in Article 3;		
	b.	that a	t least one member of the supervisory board has the specific		
		financ	ial expertise necessary to adequately represent and supervise the		
		interes	sts described in Article 3.		
17.4.	The m	ember	s of the supervisory board are appointed by the supervisory ———		
	board,	on the	e understanding that:		
	a.	the sp	ouse, registered partner, and/or blood relative or relative by		
		marria	age up to and including the second degree of:		
		i.	a director;		
		ii.	a member of the supervisory board; o r		
		iii.	a person affiliated with any external ———		
			financier, ————————————————————————————————————		
		canno	t be appointed as a member of the supervisory board; ————		
	b.	Amen	mber of the supervisory board must behave in accordance with		
		Princi	ple IV of the Claim Code regarding independence and a voidance of		
		conflic	ts of interest, if and insofar as the Claim Code applies to the		
		Found	dation and its activities		
	For the purposes of this Article 17.4, spouse also means ————				
	the un	married	d person with whom the person referred to under a, —		
	under	i or ii, a	a notarized cohabitation agreement has been entered into, or ———		
	with whom he is registered at the same residential address in the Personal				
	Recor	ds Dat	abase or an equivalent foreign register.		
	Main	or s eco	ndary positions of members of the supervisory board that		
	compromise their independence must be avoided.				

17.5.	The supervisory board appoints a chairperson and a secretary from among its- members					
17.6.	Members of the supervisory board are appointed for a maximum term of four—years and resign according to a retirement schedule to be determined by the supervisory board; a member of the supervisory board who resigns according to the schedule is immediately but once reappointable.					
17.7.	A member of the supervisory board shall cease to hold office:					
	a. upon his or her death;					
	b.	because he or she no longer meets the provisions of Article 17.3 and/or Article 17.4;				
	C.	by being declared bankrupt, applying for a moratorium on payments, or requesting the application of the debt restructuring scheme as referred to in the Bankruptcy Act, or a similar				
		statutory arrangement under foreign law applicable to the relevant				
		member of the supervisory board; ————				
	d.	by being placed under guardianship or otherwise losing the free ———				
		disposal of his or her assets;				
	e.	by his or her voluntary resignation, whether or not in accordance with the provisions of Article				
		17.6 referred to schedule;				
	f.	by accepting an appointment as a director;				
	g.	by his or her resignation, granted by the supervisory board; and				
	h.	by his or her resignation, granted by the court and/or Court —————				
		of Appeal in the cases provided for by law.				
17.8.	The member of the supervisory board whose resignation as referred to in Article					
	17.7(g) is being discussed has the right to attend the relevant meeting or ——					
	meetings of the supervisory board and to speak there. He or she shall not be					
		counted in determining the number of members of the supervisory board———				
	-	nt or represented and shall not be entitled to vote on his or her dismissal				
		erred to in the agenda. However, the second sentence of this Article 17.8 not apply if the supervisory board at that time				

47.0	consists of only two members.
17.9.	In the event of the absence or incapacity of one or more members of the
	supervisory board, supervision shall temporarily rest with the remaining
	members of the supervisory board. In the event of the absence or incapacity
	of all members of the supervisory board or the sole member of the
	supervisory board, supervision shall temporarily rest with one or more
	persons designated annually by the supervisory board for this situation.
Super	visory Board: duties and powers. Article
<u>18</u> .	
18.1.	The board shall provide the supervisory board with the information necessary for
	the performance of its duties and powers in a timely manner and shall also
	provide each member of the supervisory board with all information concerning
	the Foundation's affairs that they may require. The supervisory board is
	authorized to inspect all books, records, and other data carriers of the
	Foundation.
18.2.	The supervisory board may, at the expense of the Foundation, be
	assisted in the performance of its duties by one or more experts.
18.3	Members of the Supervisory Board may receive reasonable remuneration for the
10.0.	work they perform for the Foundation, which shall be determined by the joint
	meeting of the Board of Directors and the Supervisory Board and may be set
	at zero if the Foundation's resources so require.
	the Foundation so require.
	All members of the supervisory board are entitled to reimbursement of
	reasonable expenses incurred by them in the performance of their
	duties.
18.4.	The Foundation publishes the main points of its remuneration policy
	for members of the supervisory board on its website.
18.5.	The supervisory board draws up an annual document in which it
	reports on the main points of its supervisory activities.
Super	visory Board: independence, decision-making, and conflicts of interest.
Article	<u>e 19</u> . ————————————————————————————————————
19 1	The provisions of Articles 8 9 10 11 12 and 14 of these Articles of Association

shall apply mutatis mutandis to the Supervisory Board, with the proviso that

been invited

directors shall only have access to the meetings of the Supervisory Board if they have

	14 of these articles of association apply mutatis mutandis to the supervisory
	board as far as possible, on the understanding that directors only have access—
	to the meetings of the supervisory board if they have been invited to do so by-
	the supervisory board. The supervisory board meets at least once a year.
19.2.	A member of the supervisory board shall not participate in the deliberations —
	and shall abstain from voting on a decision of the supervisory board ———
	if he or she has a direct or indirect interest in the subject of the decision
	that conflicts with the interests of the Foundation. The member of the
	supervisory board does have the right to attend the relevant meeting of the —
	supervisory board, on the understanding that he or she is not counted when-
	determining the number of members present or
	represented members of the supervisory board with regard to the
	the decision in question.
19.3.	If, on the basis of the provisions of the first sentence of Article 19.2, no
	member of the supervisory board can participate in the decision-making,
	the person(s) with the interest shall nevertheless participate ——
	in the deliberations and voting. In that case, an extract from — the minutes referred
	to in Article 14 or the report referred to — in Article 12 in which the interest is
	mentioned shall be attached to the statement — of income and expenditure for
	the financial year in which the decision was taken.
19.4.	Further rules regarding the functioning of the supervisory board may be laid ——
	down in regulations of the supervisory board, which are adopted by the ——
	supervisory board after consultation with the management board. ————
Joint r	epresentation of the management board and the supervisory board.
Article	20.
20.1.	At least once a year, the board of directors and the supervisory board shall
	meet in a joint meeting to discuss the general lines of the policy pursued and—
	to be pursued in the future.
20.2.	The joint meetings shall be chaired by the chair of the supervisory board.
	The provisions of Articles 8, 9, 10,
	. , , , ,

	Article	11, Article 12, and Article 14 of these articles of association apply mutatis			
	mutan	dis to joint meetings of the board of directors and the supervisory board,			
	on the	understanding that:			
	a.	the board of directors and the supervisory board have equal			
		authority to conven e meetings; and			
	b.	the chair of the supervisory board chairs the meetings.			
<u>Discla</u>	<u>aime</u> r.–				
Article	<u>21</u> . —				
21.1.	The Foundation indemnifies every (former) director against claims from third				
	parties	s in connection wit h:			
	a.	financial losses or damage suffered by the indemnified person; and $ -\!\!\!\!-\!\!\!\!-\!\!\!\!-$			
	b.	expenses reasonably paid or incurred by the indemnified person in			
		connection with impending, pending, or completed formal or informal			
		civil, criminal, administrative, or investigative proceedings or			
		proceedings in which he or she becomes involved.			
	insofa	r as this relates to his or her position as director or former direc tor, in any			
	case t	o the extent permitted under applicable law.			
21.2.	No indemnification shall be granted to a current or former director:				
	a.	if a Dutch court, in a judgment that has become final, has determined that			
		the actions or omissions of the current or former director in question—			
		that led to the financial losses, damage, claims, or proceedings referred			
		to			
		in Article 21.1, are the result of his or her intent (i.e., that the			
		aforementioned acts or omissions were intentional) or			
		recklessness; or			
	b.	to the extent that his/her financial losses, damages, and expenses are			
		covered by insurance and the insurer has compensated these financial—			
		losses, damages, and expenses (or has irrevocably indicated that it will			
		do so).			

21.3.	The board may stipulate additional provisions, conditions, and restrictions ——
	in connection with the indemnification referred to in Article 21.1.
21.4.	The indemnification granted under this Article 21 applies mutatis mutandis to
	every (former) member of the supervisory board.
Provis	sion of information.
Article	<u>22</u> . —
If and	insofar as the Claim Code applies to the Foundation and its activities, the ——
board	shall maintain a website on which at least the following information ——
about	the Foundation shall be available for consultation by anyone:
a.	the articles of association of the Foundation;
b.	the main points of the remuneration policy with regard to the directors as
	referred to in Article 6.1 0;
C.	the governance document as referred to in Article 7.2;
d.	the main points of the remuneration policy with regard to the members of
	the supervisory board as referred to in Article 18.4;
e.	the annual accountability document of the Supervisory Board as ———
	referred to in Article 18.5;
f.	an overview of any contribution(s) requested from Participants; ——
g.	the curriculum vitae of each director and each member of the supervisory ——
	board;
h.	any relevant interests of members of the supervisory board;
i.	a general plan of action on the basis of which a potential Participant can ———
	assess whether the nature and working methods of the Foundation are ———
	in line with his/her interests;
j.	an overview of the manner in which persons whose interests are protected—
	by the legal action can join the legal entity and the manner in which they can—
	terminate this membership; —
k.	if a contribution is requested from the persons whose interests are protected by
	the legal action: insight into the calculation of this contribution;

I.	an ov	erview of the status of legal proceedings initiated by the			
	Foundation; ————————————————————————————————————				
m.	an ov	erview of the main points of the Settlement Agreements —————			
	concl	uded by the Foundation.			
The at	foreme	ntioned website also publishes information whose publication is mandatory			
under	the Cl	aim Code, if and insofar as the Claim Code applies to the Foundatio n an o			
its act	tivities.				
Accou	ınts and	d financial ————————————————————————————————————			
staten	nents. <u>-</u>	Article 23.			
23.1.	"The F	oundation's financial year coincides with the calendar year.			
23.2.	The b	oard is obliged to keep records of the financial status of the Foundation			
	and of everything relating to the activities of the Foundation, in accordance with-				
	the re	equirements arising from these activities, and to store the relevant books,			
	documents, and other data carriers in such a way that the rights and obligations				
	of the Foundation can be ascertained at any time.				
	The re	ecords must also clearly show:			
	a.	the nature and extent of any remuneration and expenses payable			
		to individual directors as referred to in Article 6.7;			
	b.	the nature and extent of any remuneration and expenses payable ——			
		to individual members of the supervisory board as referred to in———			
		Article 18.3;			
	C.	the nature and extent of the costs incurred by the Foundation for the			
		management of the Foundation, as well as the nature and extent of the			
		Foundation's other expenses;			
	d.	the nature and extent of the Foundation's income, and			
	e.	the nature and extent of the Foundation's assets.			
23.3.	The board is obliged to draw up and publish the Foundation's statement——				
	of income and expenditure within six months of the end of the financial——				
	year. The statement of income and expenditure to be adopted requires ——				
	the				

	approval of the supervisory board. To this end, the statement of income and
	expenditure shall be sent to the supervisory board immediately after it has been
	drawn up. Before giving its approval, the supervisory board shall
	instruct the management to have the statement of income and expenditure—
	examined by a certified public accountant or an accountant-administrative
	consultant appointed by the supervisory board within the meaning of Article 393-
	of Book 2 of the Dutch Civil Code. This expert shall report on his/her examination
	to the supervisory board and shall
	the results of his/her investigation in a statement regarding the accuracy of the
	statement of income and expenditure. He/she shall bring his/her report to the
	attention of the board. ————————————————————————————————————
23.4.	The board is obliged to keep the books,
	documents, and other data carriers referred to in the preceding paragraphs for a period of seven years. —
23.5.	The balance sheet and statement of income and expenditure may be posted ——
	on the foundation's website after they have been adopted.
23.6.	The data stored on a data carrier, with the exception of the balance sheet and——
	statement of income and expenditure in paper form, may be transferred to and
	stored on another data carrier, provided that the transfer is made with a correct—
	and complete representation of the data and that this data is available for the
	entire retention period and can be made legible within a reasonable time.
Amen	dments to the articles of association.
Article	<u>-</u>
24.1.	The board is authorized to amend the articles of association, subject ————
	to the provisions of this Article 24. A decision by the board to amend————
	the articles of association is subject to the prior written approval of the
	supervisory board.
24.2.	A decision by the board to amend the articles of association requires a two-
	thirds majority of the votes cast at a meeting of the board at which at least
	two-thirds of the directors are present or represented. The provisions of
	Article 11.4, first

	sentence, apply in full.
	If, at a meeting of the board at which a resolution to
	amendment to the articles of association is on the agenda, a second meeting shall
	be convened, to be held no sooner than two
	and no later than four weeks after the first meeting, at which second meeting—
	a legally valid decision can be taken by a two-thirds majority of the votes cast,—
	provided that at least half of the directors are present or represented at this
	meeting. The notice convening the second meeting must state that and why a
	resolution to amend the articles of association may be passed at a meeting at
	which only half of the directors need to be present or represented.
	The provisions of Article 11.4, second sentence, of these articles of
	association do not apply to a resolution to amend the articles of
	association.
24.3.	When convening the meeting at which a proposal to amend the articles of
	association will be made, this must always be stated. In addition,
	a copy of the proposal, containing the verbatim text of the proposed ———
	amendment, be enclosed with the notice of meeting. In this case, the period of
	notice shall be at least two weeks.
24.4.	An amendment to the articles of association shall only take effect after a ——
	notarial deed has been drawn up. Each director is authorized to execute———
	this deed.—
24.5.	The directors are obliged to file an authentic copy of the amendment and the
	amended articles of association with the trade register.
<u>Dissol</u>	ution and liquidation.
<u>Article</u>	<u> 25</u> . ————————————————————————————————————
25.1.	The board is authorized to dissolve the Foundation.
25.2.	The provisions of Article 24.1, second sentence, Article 24.2, and Article 24.3
	apply mutatis mutandis to the board's decision to dissolve the Foundation.
25.3.	After dissolution of the Foundation, liquidation shall be carried out by the ——
	board, unless one or more other liquidators have been appointed by the
	court or in the resolution to dissolve the Foundation.

	other liquidators have been appointed. ————————————————————————————————————
25.4.	
	their actions as such and the information about themselves that is required ——
	of a director.
25.5.	When deciding on dissolution, the board shall determine the allocation of
	the surplus after liquidation; this allocation must be as consistent as ——
	possible with the purpose of the Foundation and must benefit a public-
	interest institution.
25.6.	In the resolution to dissolve the foundation, the board also appoints a custodian
	for the books, records, and other data carriers of the dissolved foundation.
	Foundation. ————————————————————————————————————
25.7.	After dissolution, the Foundation shall continue to exist insofar as this is
	necessary for the liquidation of its assets. During the liquidation,
	the provisions of these articles of association remain in force as far as possible. In
	documents and announcements issued by it, the name of the
	The words "in liquidation" shall be added to the name of the Foundation.
25.8.	After completion of the liquidation, the books, records, and other data carriers of
	the dissolved Foundation shall remain in the custody of the custodian
	designated by the board in its dissolution decision for seven years after the
	Foundation has ceased to exist. This person is obliged to register his/her
	appointment, as well as his/her name and address, with the commercial
	register within eight days of the commencement of his/her custodial
	obligation.
END (OF ARTICLES O F ASSOCIATION.
TRAN	ISITIONAL PROVISION
1.	Notwithstanding the provisions of Article 5.3, the first director shall be appointed
	for the first time by this deed.
2.	The foundation's first financial year shall end on December 31, 2022.
<u>FINA</u>	L DECLARATION
Finally	y, in implementation of the above provisions, the founder declares:

a.	that, for the first time, the following is appointed as sole director of the ————Foundation:
	(i) the founder, as chairman;
b.	that at the time of the foundation's establishment, there are two (2) vacancies
	on the board, which will be filled as soon as possible after the foundation's ——
	establishment;
C.	that the foundation does not have a supervisory board at the time ————
of its e	establishment. <u>FINAL</u>
The ap	opearing party is known to me, the notary.
Furthe	ermore, I, the notary, have communicated the substantive content of the
deed t	to the appearing party and explained it, including the consequences arising
from th	ne content of the deed.
The ap	ppearing party declares that they have taken note of the contents of the deed———
and a	gree with them. The appearing party also expressly agrees to the limited
readin	ng of the deed.
Immed	diately after the limited reading, the deed was signed by the appearing party and by
me, th	e notary .
The de	eed was executed in Utrecht on the date stated at the beginning of this deed.
(signa	iture follows)
* 201	GIVENISSUED FOR COPY GIVENISSUED FOR COPY